

Prof. Dr. Alfred Toth

Die Janusgesichtigkeit der Subzeichen

1. Definition der possessiv-copossessiven Relationen

Vgl. Toth (2025a).

$$x/y = (x, (y)) = (x \rightarrow y) = \text{PC}$$

$$y/x = (y, (x)) = (y \rightarrow x) = \text{PC}$$

$$x \backslash y = ((x), y) = (x \leftarrow y) = \text{CP}$$

$$y \backslash x = ((y), x) = (y \leftarrow x) = \text{CP}$$

2. PC-Subzeichen und PC-Semiosen

Vgl. Bense (1975, S. 35 ff.) und Toth (2025a).

$$1/1 = (1, (1)) = (1 \rightarrow 1)$$

$$1/2 = (1, (2)) = (1 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$1/3 = (1, (3)) = (1 \rightarrow 3)$$

$$2/1 = (2, (1)) = (2 \rightarrow 1)$$

$$2/2 = (2, (2)) = (2 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$2/3 = (2, (3)) = (2 \rightarrow 3)$$

$$3/1 = (3, (1)) = (3 \rightarrow 1)$$

$$3/2 = (3, (2)) = (3 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$3/3 = (3, (3)) = (3 \rightarrow 3)$$

CP-Subzeichen und CP-Semiosen

$$1/1 = (1, (1)) = (1 \rightarrow 1)$$

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$$3/1 = (3, (1)) = (3 \rightarrow 1)$$

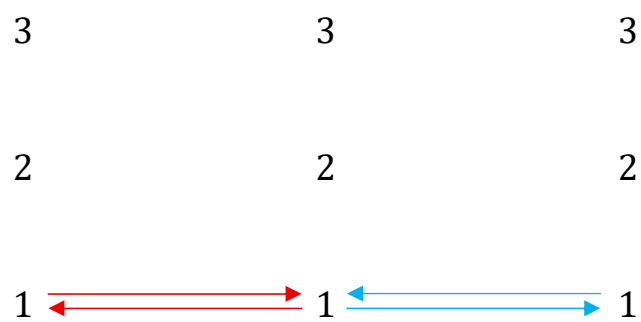
$$3/2 = (3, (2)) = (3 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$3/3 = (3, (3)) = (3 \rightarrow 3)$$

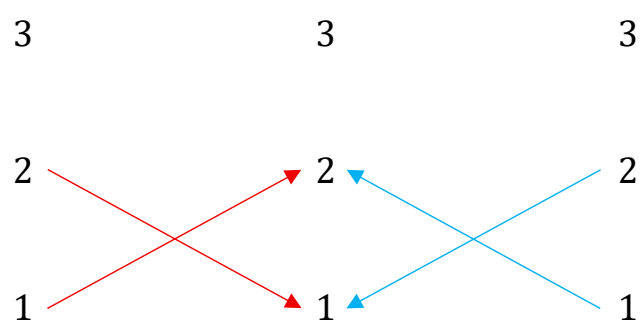
2. Trajektionen der subzeichenhaften Janusgesichtigkeit

Vgl. Toth (2025b).

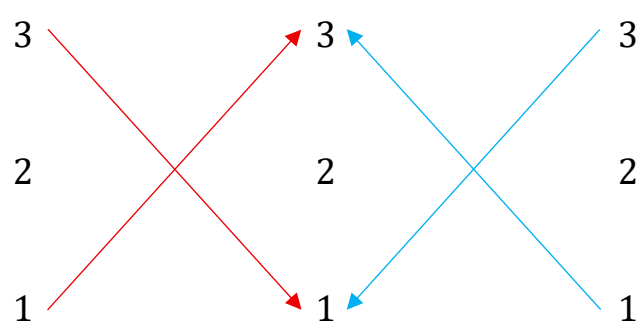
2.1. $\mathfrak{T}(1.1)$



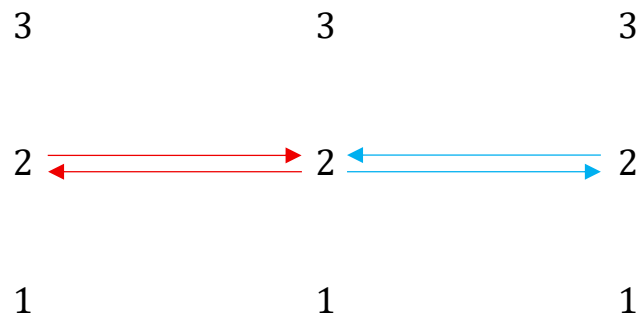
2.2. $\mathfrak{T}(1.2, 2.1)$



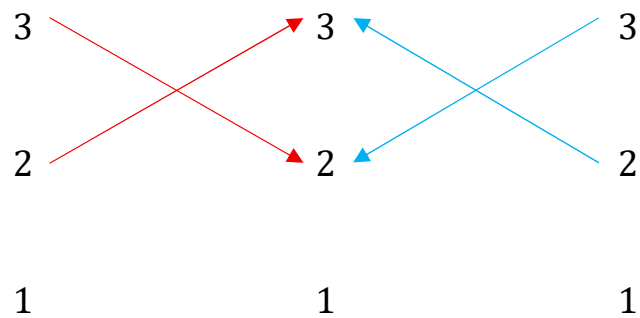
2.3. $\mathfrak{T}(1.3, 3.1)$



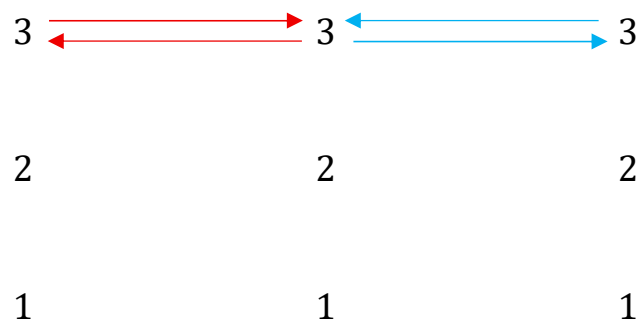
2.4. $\mathfrak{T}(2.2)$



2.5. $\mathfrak{T}(2.3, 3.2)$



2.6. $\mathfrak{T}(3.3)$



Literatur

Bense, Max, Semiotische Prozesse und Systeme. Baden-Baden 1975

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29.9.2025